CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2356

Chapter 216, Laws of 2018

65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

STEM CELL THERAPIES -- INFORMED CONSENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 7, 2018

Passed by the House February 12, 2018 CERTIFICATE Yeas 97 Nays 0 I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the FRANK CHOPP State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is Speaker of the House of Representatives ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL **2356** as passed by House of Representatives and the Senate on Passed by the Senate March 2, 2018 the dates hereon set forth. Yeas 48 Nays 0 BERNARD DEAN KAREN KEISER Chief Clerk President of the Senate Approved March 22, 2018 3:55 PM FILED March 26, 2018

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2356

Passed Legislature - 2018 Regular Session

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By House Health Care & Wellness (originally sponsored by Representatives Cody, Johnson, McBride, Jinkins, Ryu, and Ormsby)

READ FIRST TIME 01/22/18.

- AN ACT Relating to stem cell therapies not approved by the United
- 2 States food and drug administration; amending RCW 18.130.180; and
- 3 adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 18.130 6 RCW to read as follows:
- 7 (1) A license holder subject to this chapter who performs a stem 8 cell therapy that is not approved by the United States food and drug 9 administration, shall provide the patient with the following written 10 notice prior to performing the therapy:
- "THIS NOTICE MUST BE PROVIDED TO YOU UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.

 This health care practitioner performs one or more stem cell
 therapies that have not yet been approved by the United
 States food and drug administration. You are encouraged to
 consult with your primary care provider prior to undergoing a
 stem cell therapy."
- 17 (2) The written notice required by subsection (1) of this section 18 must be at least eight and one-half inches by eleven inches and 19 written in no less than forty point type. The license holder must 20 also prominently display the written notice in the entrance and in an 21 area visible to patients in the license holder's office.

- (3) A license holder who is required to provide written notice under subsection (1) of this section must also obtain a signed consent form before performing the therapy. The consent form must be signed by the patient, or, if the patient is legally not competent, the patient's representative, and must state, in language the patient could reasonably be expected to understand:
- (a) The nature and character of the proposed treatment, including the treatment's food and drug administration approval status;
 - (b) The anticipated results of the proposed treatment;

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- (c) The recognized possible alternative forms of treatment; and
- (d) The recognized serious possible risks, complications, and anticipated benefits involved in the treatment and in the recognized possible alternative forms of treatment, including nontreatment.
- (4) The license holder must include the notice set forth in subsection (1) of this section in any advertisements for the therapy. In print advertisements, the notice must be clearly legible, in a font size no smaller than the largest font size used in the advertisement. In all other forms of advertisements, the notice must be either clearly legible in a font size no smaller than the largest font size used in the advertisement or clearly spoken.
 - (5) This section does not apply to the following:
- (a) A license holder who has obtained approval for an investigational new drug or device from the United States food and drug administration for the use of human cells, tissues, or cellular or tissue-based products.
- (b) A license holder who performs a stem cell therapy pursuant to an employment or other contract to perform the therapy on behalf of or under the auspices of an institution certified by the foundation for the accreditation of cellular therapy, the national institutes of health blood and marrow transplant clinical trials network, or AABB.
- 31 (6) Violations of this section constitute unprofessional conduct 32 under this chapter.
 - (7) For purposes of this section:
- 34 (a) "Human cells, tissues, or cellular or tissue-based products" 35 has the same meaning as in 21 C.F.R. Sec. 1271.3 as it exists on the 36 effective date of this section.
- 37 (b) "Stem cell therapy" means a therapy involving the use of 38 human cells, tissues, or cellular or tissue-based products.

- 1 Sec. 2. RCW 18.130.180 and 2010 c 9 s 5 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 The following conduct, acts, or conditions constitute unprofessional conduct for any license holder under the jurisdiction 4 of this chapter:

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- The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, 6 (1)dishonesty, or corruption relating to the practice of the person's 7 profession, whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act 8 constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a 9 condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, 10 11 however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the 12 ensuing disciplinary hearing of the quilt of the license holder of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the 13 person's violation of the statute on which it is based. For the 14 purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which 15 16 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or 17 18 suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights quaranteed under 19 chapter 9.96A RCW;
 - (2) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;
 - (3) All advertising which is false, fraudulent, or misleading;
 - (4) Incompetence, negligence, or malpractice which results in injury to a patient or which creates an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed. The use of a nontraditional treatment by itself shall not constitute unprofessional conduct, provided that it does not result in injury to a patient or create an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed;
 - (5) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual's license to practice any health care profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;
- (6) Except when authorized by RCW 18.130.345, the possession, 34 use, prescription for use, or distribution of controlled substances 35 36 or legend drugs in any way other than for legitimate or therapeutic purposes, diversion of controlled substances or legend drugs, the 37 violation of any drug law, or prescribing controlled substances for 38 39 oneself;

- 1 (7) Violation of any state or federal statute or administrative rule regulating the profession in question, including any statute or 2 rule defining or establishing standards of patient care 3 professional conduct or practice; 4
 - (8) Failure to cooperate with the disciplining authority by:
- 6 (a) Not furnishing any papers, documents, records, or other 7 items;
 - (b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in the complaint filed with the disciplining authority;
 - (c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the disciplining authority, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding; or
 - (d) Not providing reasonable and timely access for authorized representatives of the disciplining authority seeking to perform practice reviews at facilities utilized by the license holder;
 - (9) Failure to comply with an order issued by the disciplining authority or a stipulation for informal disposition entered into with the disciplining authority;
- (10) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice when a 20 21 license is required;
 - (11) Violations of rules established by any health agency;
- (12) Practice beyond the scope of practice as defined by law or 23 24 rule;
- 25 (13) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of 26 the business or profession;
 - (14) Failure to adequately supervise auxiliary staff to the extent that the consumer's health or safety is at risk;
- (15) Engaging in a profession involving contact with the public while suffering from a contagious or infectious disease involving 31 serious risk to public health;
 - (16) Promotion for personal gain of any unnecessary or inefficacious drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service;
 - (17) Conviction of any gross misdemeanor or felony relating to the practice of the person's profession. For the purposes of this subsection, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under chapter
- 40 9.96A RCW;

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- 1 (18) The procuring, or aiding or abetting in procuring, a 2 criminal abortion;
 - (19) The offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the treating, operating, or prescribing for any health condition by a method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the disciplining authority;
- 8 (20) The willful betrayal of a practitioner-patient privilege as 9 recognized by law;
 - (21) Violation of chapter 19.68 RCW;
- 11 Interference with an investigation or disciplinary 12 proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the disciplining authority or its authorized representative, or by the 13 14 use of threats or harassment against any patient or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or 15 16 any other legal action, or by the use of financial inducements to any 17 patient or witness to prevent or attempt to prevent him or her from 18 providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding;
 - (23) Current misuse of:
- 20 (a) Alcohol;

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- 21 (b) Controlled substances; or
- 22 (c) Legend drugs;
- 23 (24) Abuse of a client or patient or sexual contact with a client 24 or patient;
 - (25) Acceptance of more than a nominal gratuity, hospitality, or subsidy offered by a representative or vendor of medical or health-related products or services intended for patients, in contemplation of a sale or for use in research publishable in professional journals, where a conflict of interest is presented, as defined by rules of the disciplining authority, in consultation with the department, based on recognized professional ethical standards:
- 32 (26) Violation of section 1 of this act.

Passed by the House February 12, 2018. Passed by the Senate March 2, 2018. Approved by the Governor March 22, 2018. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 26, 2018.

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